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SEC. 6. Any person, authorized by the United States Government as an inspector, is hereby authorized to act as the agent of the board of health of the city of Lincoln and may be provided with stamp or label of approval of the board of health of the city of Lincoln.

SEC. 7. The person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be fined in a sum of not more than \$100 for each offense and shall be committed to jail until such fine and costs are paid.

Milk and Milk Products—Production, Care, and Sale. (Ord. 1114, May 6, 1913.)

SECTION 1. No person shall bring into the city of Lincoln for sale, or sell or offer to sell, any milk or cream without a permit from the board of health.

SEC. 2. No person shall bring into the city of Lincoln for sale, or sell or offer for sale, any milk or cream which has been obtained from any milk dealer, dairyman, or other person not having a permit issued by the board of health to sell same for consumption within said city.

SEC. 3. Permits shall be renewed annually in January. The applicant must state his name, residence, post-office address, and the location of his business place or places, and the number of cows from which milk is obtained for sale, and the number of quarts (estimated) sold daily. If the applicant buys part or all of his milk supply, the names and addresses and numbers of permits of all persons from whom he obtains milk or cream, and the quantity (estimated), shall be stated. If the applicant be a shipper of milk or cream into the city, he shall in addition to the above state the route of his shipment.

SEC. 4. The board will not issue any permits unless it is satisfied, after inspection, with the cleanly and sanitary condition of the stables, cows, wagons, store, or place of business of the applicant therefor, and with all the utensils used by him from which his milk or cream is obtained; and that food given to the cows is pure and wholesome, and that all persons engaged in the care and handling of milk are free from any contagious disease, and that said persons use due cleanliness in their work.

SEC. 5. All applications for permits to sell milk or cream in the city of Lincoln shall be placed on file when received by the health officer, and as soon as possible within 60 days after the application is received, the health officer or some person duly authorized by the board of health, or the health officer, shall visit the dairy or place of business of such applicant and make such observation and gather such information as to enable the board to satisfy themselves of the sanitary condition of the dairy. Should the applicant live at such distance from the city of Lincoln as to make it impracticable for the health officer, or other person authorized by the board of health, to visit such dairy premises, the applicant shall furnish evidence to the board of the sanitary condition of his dairy.

SEC. 6. If after issuing a permit to sell milk or cream, the board of health shall become satisfied that the provisions of this ordinance are being violated, it will at once revoke the permit issued to such person, and no new permit shall be issued until all insanitary conditions have been rectified. The health officer shall have authority to suspend the permit of any person violating this ordinance until such time as the board of health shall take action.

SEC. 7. The fees charged for selling or producing milk or cream for sale in the city of Lincoln shall be as follows:

- (a) For each grocer, meat market, bakery, etc., \$1 per year.
- (b) For each wagon used in delivering milk, \$3 per year.
- (c) For each producer having 5 cows or less, 25 cents per year.
- (d) For each producer having 10 cows and more than 5 cows, 50 cents per year.
- (e) For each producer having more than 10 cows, \$1 per year.

SEC. 8. All permits must be posted in a conspicuous place in the grocery, meat market, bakery, or other place where milk or cream is sold.

SEC. 9. Nothing in this ordinance shall be construed as preventing hotels, restaurants, lunch rooms, etc., from serving milk or cream, when it is to be consumed on the premises, without a permit.

SEC. 10. All inspections of dairies or other places where milk or cream is produced, handled, prepared, or stored for sale or distribution in the city of Lincoln, shall be made and kept by the health officer on the score card used by the Dairy Division of the United States Government. Milk and cream from dairies falling below 50, in this rating, will be excluded from sale in Lincoln during the year 1913. Milk and cream falling below 60 will be excluded from sale in Lincoln during the year 1914 and thereafter.

SEC. 11. The milkers must thoroughly wash and wipe their hands and the cows' udders before they begin milking. They must not use pails, cans, strainers, etc., unless they have been thoroughly washed in hot water and soap, or hot water and soda, and afterwards sterilized with boiling water or steam. Care must be taken that the seams of the vessels are thoroughly cleaned with a brush.

SEC. 12. Immediately after milking, the milk shall be removed from the stable into the milk room, aerated, and cooled to at least 55° F. temperature and put into perfectly clean bottles and cans. The milk house or milk room must be screened from flies and other insects, and must not be attached by doorway to any other building, and must be at least 50 feet from any cesspool or vault; must be provided with a tight, nonabsorbing floor, laid so as to provide drainage, and must be kept clean at all times and free from any odor. No milk house or other place where milk or cream is stored or handled shall be used as sleeping quarters or for storing of any articles other than those used in the production and handling of milk. All toilet rooms shall be separate and apart from the milk room where milk or cream is stored or handled.

SEC. 13. No other foodstuffs except butter or cheese shall be kept in the same compartment of any ice box or refrigerator with milk or cream not in sealed containers; and such ice box or refrigerators shall be kept clean and free from odors at all times.

SEC. 14. All cans or bottles used in the distribution of milk shall be thoroughly cleaned either by hot water and soap or hot water and soda, or other alkali, rinsed, and sterilized by boiling water or steam before they are again used as receptacles for milk or cream. Milk cans must be washed and cleaned immediately after the milk or cream is emptied therefrom. No persons shall use a milk can or bottle for other than milk purposes.

SEC. 15. No person shall bring into the city of Lincoln for sale or shall sell or offer for sale any milk—

- (a) Containing less than 12 per cent of milk solids.
- (b) Containing more than 88 per cent of water and fluid.
- (c) Containing less than 3 per cent of butter fat.
- (d) Having a specific gravity of less than 1.029.
- (e) Containing any dirt, foreign matter, or sediment.
- (f) Containing any boracic or salicylic acid, formalin, or other foreign chemicals.
- (g) Containing any pathogenic bacteria.
- (h) Containing bacteria of any kind more than 100,000 per cubic centimeter.
- (i) Drawn from any cow having a communicable disease or showing clinical symptoms of tuberculosis or from a herd which contains any diseased cattle, or are afflicted with or have been exposed to any communicable disease.
- (j) Drawn from any cow within 15 days before or 12 days after parturition.
- (k) Drawn from any cow which has been fed on garbage, refuse, or any other unwholesome or improper food.
- (l) Having reached or been kept at a temperature higher than 55° F. at any time from one hour after being drawn from the cow until it reaches the consumer.

(m) Which has existed or has been kept under conditions contrary to the provisions of this ordinance.

(n) Drawn from any cow with inflamed or sore udders.

Provided that subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and (d) shall not apply to milk sold under the name of skimmed milk.

SEC. 16. No person shall bring into the city of Lincoln for sale, orsell, or offer forsale, milk from which the cream has been removed, either in part or in whole, or which contains less than 3 per cent butter fat, unless sold as skimmed milk and the container plainly marked as such.

SEC. 17. No one shall use any vehicle for the delivery of milk in the city of Lincoln which has not painted thereon in legible roman letters in a conspicuous place, on both sides of the vehicle, the name and location of his dairy and the number of his permit. All such delivery wagons shall at all times be kept in a cleanly condition and free from any substance which will contaminate or injure the purity of the milk, and shall have a covering of canvas or other material so arranged as to thoroughly protect the contents thereof from the rays and heat of the sun. No such delivery wagon shall be used for any other purpose than that of delivering milk or cream.

SEC. 18. No person or milk dealer shall sell, deliver, sell or offer to sell, or keep for sale in stores or other places any milk or cream in quantities less than 1 gallon, unless delivered or kept in the original package or container. All such original packages shall be filled and sealed at the place of production or the milk depot. The caps of all bottles shall have plainly printed or stamped the name of the milk dealer, with his permit number, and the day of the week on which the bottle was filled.

SEC. 19. Should scarlet fever, smallpox, diphtheria, typhoid fever, tuberculosis, or other dangerous or infectious diseases occur in the family of any dairyman, or among any of his employees, or in any house in which milk is kept for sale, or in the family or among the employees of any person who ships milk into the city of Lincoln for sale, such dairyman, vender, or shipper of milk shall immediately notify the health officer of the facts in the case and the health officer shall at once investigate and order the sale of such milk stopped or sold under such regulations as he thinks proper. Should any dairyman, vender, or shipper of milk fail to notify the health officer of any such contagious or infectious diseases, or, after such information is given, fail to obey his directions, the health officer shall seize and destroy all milk sent into the city by such persons, and he shall, when acting in good faith, be held harmless in damages therefor. In delivering milk to families in which there exists contagious or infectious diseases the dairyman shall not enter, neither shall he permit any of his milk bottles or vessels to be taken into such houses, but shall pour such milk as each family wishes into vessels furnished by such family.

SEC. 20. If persons offering milk or cream for sale use tickets as representation of value, these tickets must be in coupon form and must be destroyed after once using.

SEC. 21. The members of the board of health, the health officer, or any person authorized by him shall have authority to examine all dairy herds, utensils for handling milk, of all dairymen or other persons engaged in selling or shipping milk or cream for sale in the city of Lincoln. These inspectors shall have power to open any can, vessel, or package containing milk or cream, whether sealed (locked) or otherwise, and take samples of milk or cream for analysis, and if upon inspection the milk or cream is found to be filthy or the can or other containers are in an unclean condition, the said inspector may then and there condemn the milk or cream as deemed by him to be filthy, and pour the contents of such bottles, vessels, or packages upon the ground forthwith, and he shall, if done in good faith, be held harmless in damages therefor.

SEC. 22. No person shall bring into the city of Lincoln for sale or shall sell or offer for sale any cream unless such cream is produced from milk which conforms to all the requirements of this ordinance, nor unless such cream be kept at or below a tem-

perature of 55° F., free from foreign substances, and shall not contain more than 500,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter, and shall not contain less than 18 per cent butter fat.

SEC. 23. Any person, firm, or corporation convicted of any violation of any provision of the above ordinance, or obstructs or interferes [sic] with the execution thereof, shall be fined not to exceed \$100.

LIMA, OHIO.

Milk and Milk Products—Production, Care, and Sale. (Ord. Oct. 15, 1913.)

SECTION 1. No person shall bring into the city of Lima for sale or shall sell or offer for sale any milk or cream without a permit from the board of health.

SEC. 2. No person shall bring into the city of Lima for sale or shall sell or offer for sale any milk which has been obtained from any milk dealer, dairyman, or other person not having a permit issued by the board of health.

SEC. 3. A fee of \$1 shall be charged for each permit and the same to be credited to the general health fund.

SEC. 4. Permits shall be renewed annually in January. The applicant must state his name, residence, post-office address, and locations of his business place or places.

SEC. 5. That applicant must state the number of cows from which milk is obtained for sale and the number of quarts (estimated) sold daily.

SEC. 6. If the applicant buys a part or all of his milk supply, the names and addresses of all persons from whom he obtains milk or cream and the quantity (estimated) shall be stated.

SEC. 7. Any dairyman, milk dealer, or other person, upon application to the health office for a permit to sell or deliver milk shall file a sworn statement giving his name and address, the number of cows he owns or has charge of, the average amount of milk (estimated) which he sells each day, the names of all persons from whom he buys milk, the average amount of milk (estimated) which he buys from them each day.

SEC. 8. The board of health will not issue any permit unless it is satisfied, after inspection, with the cleanly and sanitary conditions of the stables, cows, wagons, store, or place of business of the applicant therefor, and with all the utensils used by him, from which his milk or cream is obtained, and that the food given the cows is pure and wholesome, and that all persons engaged in the care of handling of the milk are free from any contagious disease, and that said persons use due cleanliness in their work.

SEC. 9. All permits must be signed by the applicant and by the board of health, shall be placed on file and the name of such applicant shall be entered in a book of registration kept for such purposes. As soon as possible within 60 days after application is received at the health office for a permit to sell milk, the milk and housing inspector shall visit the dairy or place of business of such applicant and make such observation and gather such information as to enable the board to satisfy themselves of the sanitary conditions of his dairy. Should the applicant live at such distance from the city of Lima as to make it impracticable for the milk and housing inspector to visit such dairy premises, such applicant shall furnish evidence, satisfactory to the board of the sanitary condition of his dairy.

SEC. 10. If, after issuing a permit to sell milk or cream, the board of health shall become satisfied that the provisions of the sanitary code are being violated, it will at once revoke the permit issued to such person or persons and no new permit issued until all unsanitary conditions have been rectified and all other provisions of the sanitary code are complied with.

Anyone selling or handling milk or cream under a permit from the board of health who shall change location (this means changing producers or routes) without notifying